

<b>Location of disaster</b>	TÜRKİYE: Kahramanmaraş, Adıyaman, Kilis, Osmaniye, Gaziantep, Malatya, Şanlıurfa, Diyarbakır, Adana, Hatay, Elazığ	<b>Date</b>	17.05.2023
<b>Prepared by</b>	Support to Life (STL) Türkiye		

### 1. Situation overview:



1. Psychosocial support activity in the shelter area, Adıyaman

On 6 February 2023, two earthquakes with magnitude 7.8 and 7.5 heavily affected the provinces of Adıyaman, Hatay, Kahramanmaraş, Kilis, Osmaniye, Gaziantep, Malatya, Şanlıurfa, Diyarbakır, Elazığ and Adana in Southern and Southeastern Türkiye, where almost 14 million people reside including around 2 million Syrian refugees. Aftershocks continue in the disaster area<sup>1</sup>.

According to the latest statement from the Ministry of Interior on 22 April, the number of people who lost their lives in the earthquakes is 50,783<sup>2</sup>.

A total of 9.1 million people were affected by the Kahramanmaraş earthquakes. 2.5 million children are waiting for support for basic needs. 5.2 million people are waiting for humanitarian assistance. 3 million people were displaced by the earthquake. Of that, 1.6 million people are living in informal settlements<sup>3</sup>.

STL published its [latest emergency report on 10 May](#). Below are the developments in the region between 10-17 May:

<sup>1</sup> 2023 Earthquakes Displacement Overview, IOM

<sup>2</sup> <https://www.cumhuriyet.com.tr/siyaset/son-dakika-suleyman-soylu-acikladi-depremde-can-kaybi-50-bin-783-oldu-2074031>

<sup>3</sup> <https://reliefweb.int/report/turkiye/turkiye-2023-earthquakes-situation-report-no-17-6-may-2023-entr>

- STL is focusing its emergency response in the provinces of Hatay, Adiyaman and Kahramanmaraş, which were most severely affected by the earthquake. STL is also planning to start a micro-grant programme in Malatya. In addition to the 4 most heavily affected emergency provinces, STL carries out emergency response activities in the 8 provinces of Diyarbakır, Şanlıurfa, Batman, Mardin, Adana, Mersin, İzmir and İstanbul.
- STL carries out and plans to continue its activities in the sectors of shelter & non-food items (NFI), food security and livelihoods (FSL), water supply, sanitation and hygiene (WASH), emergency education, temporary settlement support (TSS), mental health and psychosocial support (MHPSS), and emergency protection.
- STL will provide micro-grants for survivor and community-led actions in Hatay, Kahramanmaraş, Adiyaman and Malatya to help them address their own needs.
- STL has reached a total of 262,108 affected people with humanitarian assistance in 11 provinces since 6 February.
- For the general elections held in Türkiye on 14 May, 1,158 election containers were set up in the earthquake zone. The Supreme Election Board announced that the number of registered voters in the 11 provinces of the earthquake zone was 8,993,349, and that the number of voters who registered in other provinces was approximately 133,000<sup>4</sup>.
- Around 2.4 million people live in formal and informal settlements, with 1.6 million of them (67%) in informal settlements. The main needs in informal settlements continue to be access to adequate water and sanitation, and information on available services and social protection schemes. Limited support for persons with disabilities is also a major concern, as are accessible facilities.
- AFAD announced that more than 217,700 applications for containers and 562,000 applications for rent support were received<sup>5</sup>.
- According to a statement by the Ministry of National Education on 9 May, 72,089 students who had been transferred from earthquake-affected provinces to other provinces returned to their provinces of residence<sup>6</sup>.

## 2. Population data (Türkiye):

	Total	Source of information
Number of people affected	9.1 M	UN OCHA
Number of dead	50,783	Government of Türkiye
Number of injured	107,204	Government of Türkiye

## 3. Humanitarian needs, response, and gaps:

Humanitarian organizations working in the disaster area continue to provide shelter, food, medical supplies, hygiene kits, WASH (water, sanitation, hygiene) services, and psychosocial support (MHPSS) to meet the urgent needs of the affected population<sup>7</sup>.

In terms of shelter, short- to medium-term planning remains among the most important needs for those whose homes have been damaged. Needs are expected to increase during the summer months. Most of the people living in temporary shelters are expected to remain in tents with limited access to relief goods during the coming summer months, with detrimental health and protection implications.

<sup>4</sup> <https://www.bbc.com/turkce/articles/cjlndeyygdpo>

<sup>5</sup> <https://reliefweb.int/report/turkiye/unicef-turkiye-humanitarian-situation-report-no-12-earthquake-3-10-may-2023>

<sup>6</sup> <https://www.meb.gov.tr/deprem-bolgesinden-diger-illere-nakil-olan-72-bin-89-ogrenci-memleketlerine-geri-dondu/haber/29846/tr>

<sup>7</sup> <https://reliefweb.int/report/turkiye/turkiye-2023-earthquakes-situation-report-no-17-6-may-2023-entr>

Asbestos found in damaged houses and debris causes health concerns. Inappropriate waste management methods risk causing health problems especially for young children, the elderly and people with medical conditions.

Most of the informal settlements still do not have running water. Women, children and persons with disabilities continue to lack access to dignified and accessible facilities.

Although education was resumed in all districts of the affected provinces as of 24 April, school attendance rates are 35-50% in Hatay, 70% in Kahramanmaraş, 35% in Malatya and 40% in Adiyaman. Some basic needs in the education sector still continue.

There are reports of increase in child and forced marriages, child abuse and child labour in the earthquake affected area. Preventive steps and response is urgently needed. It is particularly important to secure the well-being and safety of adolescent girls and boys, and to monitor school drop-out rates. The needs of at risk groups are still undercovered.

**Below are province-level updates provided by STL teams in the field.**

## HATAY

STL has started receiving applications for its micro-grant program to support community led projects. Most applications have been received from the most affected province of Hatay. STL mobilizers are meeting with community groups that have submitted project ideas to support their communities.



2. Psycho-education for adults on protecting mental health after the earthquake, Hatay

According to assessments conducted by STL emergency teams in informal settlements, needs related to hot weather conditions are continuing. In particular, needs for drinking water, hygiene items, cooling solutions such as cold water containers, air conditioning, underwear and summer clothes, canopy to protect tents from the sun, and mosquito nets against insect bites are still current.

Mobile mental health and psychosocial support (MHPSS) teams have started structured psychosocial support activities tailored to the disaster conditions in informal settlements. Structured activities include an Empowerment Programme for adolescent girls and boys. Psychosocial support activities have been concentrated in the districts of Antakya, Samandağ, Kırkhan and Defne. In addition, psychologists in STL mobile teams provide individual psychological counselling services and social workers provide individual case follow-up.

## ADIYAMAN

The population of Adiyaman, which was around 600,000 before the earthquake, is estimated to be no more than 350,000 since after the earthquake. Of those whose buildings were damaged and are living in temporary shelters, 87% live in tents, 10% in containers and 3% in public institutions and dormitories.



3. Installation of a water tank with solar panels to meet the hot water needs of toilets and showers, Adiyaman

The problem of access to drinking water, hygiene materials and dignity kits for women continues in temporary settlements. Cases of lice, scabies, snake and scorpion bites have been observed. The importance of equipping shelter areas with summer-oriented measures and carrying out disinfection for the prevention of diseases remains a priority.

STL emergency teams continue to install water tanks, showers and latrines. In shower-latrine installations, the access of the community is given utmost importance. Additional measures are taken to ensure privacy such as screens, lighting, and cobblestone flooring. In addition, due to the need for shelter, as highlighted by STL own needs assessments in the field, the distribution of tents was also intensified this week.

STL's mobile MHPSS teams continue to provide individual psychological support, case referrals, household visits and psychosocial support for children to help improve their well-being. In the context of protection, the greatest risk group in the near future is out-of-school children who are unable to continue their education. The rate of access to schools in Adiyaman is merely around 40%.

## KAHRAMANMARAŞ

Within the scope of the water supply, sanitation and hygiene (WASH) activities in Kahramanmaraş, STL emergency teams observed that the puddles formed in the areas where the water tanks are located caused the formation of flies. Consequently STL teams carried out improvement works around the water tanks. In addition, STL continued the distribution of mattresses, hygiene and dignity kits in the affected areas.



4. Water tank and mobile washbasins, Kahramanmaraş

STL's mobile MHPSS teams continued to provide psychosocial support to children, psycho-education to adults, individual psychological counselling and protection support in Uzbek village, Şeyhadil area and Pınarhöyük village in Kahramanmaraş. In Uzbek village, STL teams observed that the village community was traumatised due to the death of 7 people in the earthquake, the mourning process had not yet been completed, and there was a need for psycho-education.

In the Şeyhadil settlement area, STL teams observed that the electrical cables are located in the open and therefore pose major safety risks. The fact that the camp population is quite large poses risks of neglect and

abuse for children. In addition, the high number of children not going to school in the camp settlement poses risks of school drop-out, child labour or forced marriages.

#### ŞANLIURFA



15.10-16 May World Disability Week, psycho-education for parents/caregivers of children with various needs, Şanlıurfa

In Akçakale, Haliliye, Harran and Viranşehir districts, STL MHPSS teams continued support for adults and children affected by the earthquake. In Viranşehir, sessions on gender-based violence, prevention of sexual exploitation and abuse, prevention of child labour were held with 182 adults. 172 children attended psychosocial support sessions in schools. 69 people received individual mental health counselling services. Psycho-education on protecting mental health was organised for 55 people affected by the earthquake in Haliliye and Akçakale.



























Psychosocial support activities continue in Harran in which 233 children were reached this week in activities for 5, 6-8 and 9-13 age groups. In addition, academic mentoring programme is ongoing to help school-going disaster-affected children in their school studies. Within this programme, mathematics, Turkish and English language lessons of 57 children were supported in Haliliye and Harran.


#### 4. STL's Emergency Response:

STL continues its emergency response in Hatay, Kahramanmaraş and Adıyaman, as well as in Şanlıurfa, Adana and Diyarbakır. Warehouses and operation centers where the STL emergency team is accommodated are established in Hatay, Adıyaman and Kahramanmaraş. STL has recruited a team of 3 for Malatya who have started assessing the area and identifying STL's focus in the province.

In addition to STL efforts to meet the water and sanitation infrastructure in temporary settlements in rural and urban areas, interventions in the sectors of shelter and NFI, food security and livelihoods, MHPSS, emergency protection, and temporary settlement support are continuing.

The emergency response of STL in Hatay, Adıyaman, Kahramanmaraş, Şanlıurfa and Diyarbakır for the period 10-17 May is detailed below.











<p><b>WASH</b> </p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li> Mobile Latrine</li> <li> Mobile Shower</li> <li> Water Tank</li> <li> Mobile Laundry Unit</li> <li> Jerry Can</li> <li> Water Purifier</li> <li> Hygiene Kit</li> <li> Lice Kit</li> <li> Dignity Kit</li> <li> Cleaning Kit</li> </ul>	<p><b>FOOD SECURITY</b> </p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li> Ready Made Meal</li> <li> Drinking Water</li> <li> Food Kit</li> </ul> <p><b>SHELTER</b> </p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li> Tent</li> <li> Mattress</li> </ul>	<p><b>NON-FOOD ITEM</b> </p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li> Clothes</li> <li> Family Kit</li> <li> Kitchen Kit</li> </ul> <p><b>MHPSS</b> </p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li> Psychosocial Support</li> <li> Psychological Support</li> <li> Psycho-education</li> </ul>
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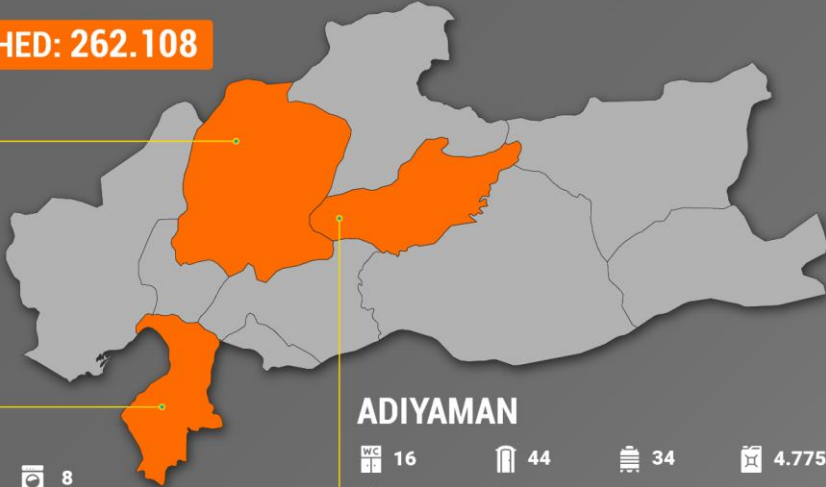


\*The numbers given in package distributions are the number of people reached.















NUMBER OF PEOPLE REACHED: 262.108

### KAHRAMANMARAŞ

 28	 12	 8.4120*
 1.836*	 295*	 140lt
 346	 255*	 295*
 3.463		



### ADIYAMAN

 16	 44	 34	 4.775
 17.250*	 1.400*	 3.735*	 1
 28.882lt	 550*	 256	 200
 1.883	 2.767		

\*The numbers given in package distributions are the number of people reached.

Status	Description	Target (ind.)
<u>Completed</u>	<b>WASH: Mobile Latrines (Hatay)</b>  100 portable latrines in total were installed in various temporary settlement areas, mostly in Samandağ and Narlıca districts. In areas where infrastructure can be provided, plans have been made for toilets connected to the sewerage system and mobile latrines have started to be collected back.	<u>2,000</u>
<u>Ongoing</u>	<b>WASH: Shower and Latrine Units (Hatay)</b>  A total of 56 mobile units, including 14 mobile showers, 42 toilets and shower units, were installed in informal shelter areas.	<u>5,600</u>
<u>Ongoing</u>	<b>WASH: Water Tanks (Hatay)</b>  In Defne, Antakya, Samandağ and Kırıkhan, 80 water tanks, 16 of 5 tonnes and 64 of 3 tonnes, were installed at points.	<u>51,767</u>
<u>Ongoing</u>	<b>WASH: Mobile Laundry Units (Hatay)</b>  In order to meet the demand for hygiene in rural areas in Hatay, a mobile laundry station of 5 washing machines and 3 dryers is covering many districts and neighborhoods of Hatay. Additional washing units are being sent to Hatay.	<u>3,966</u>
<u>Completed</u>	<b>WASH: Disinfection of Tents (Hatay)</b>  In the tent city located in the New Stadium, 600 tents were medicated against the risk of epidemic diseases.	<u>3,000</u>
<u>Completed</u>	<b>WASH: Hygiene Kit Distribution (Hatay)</b>  A total of 3.230 hygiene kits were distributed for families of five.	<u>16,150</u>
<u>Completed</u>	<b>WASH Lice Kit Distribution (Hatay)</b>  In the neighbourhoods of scattered settlements, 203 packages consisting of lice medication, anti-lice equipment and combs were distributed.	<u>203</u>
<u>Completed</u>	<b>WASH: Dignity Kit Distribution for Women (Hatay)</b>  A total of 2,350 dignity kits designed for the special needs of women were distributed in Hatay.	<u>2,350</u>
<u>Completed</u>	<b>Shelter and NFI: Mattress and Sleeping Bag Distribution (Hatay)</b>  560 mattresses and 535 sleeping bags were distributed.	<u>1,095</u>
<u>Completed</u>	<b>Shelter and NFI: Tent Set-up and Winterization (Hatay)</b>  In order to support disaster affected households, STL distributed 496 winter tents and 550 sleeping bags in Hatay. In addition to tents, STL distributed non-food items of blankets, mattresses, and small types of equipment.	<u>2,750</u>
<u>Completed</u>	<b>NFI: Family Kit Distribution (Hatay)</b>  205 family kits designed to meet basic non-food needs were distributed in Hatay. 152 jerry cans were distributed in the neighborhoods of Yeşilyazı, Küçükdalyan, and Mızraklı. 389 diapers and 78 sanitary pads were provided.	<u>1,025</u>

<u>Completed</u>	<b>NFI: Kitchen Kit Distribution (Hatay)</b>  In informal shelters, 787 kitchen kits containing kitchen utensils for cooking for the affected people were distributed.	<u>3,935</u>
<u>Completed</u>	<b>NFI: Distribution of Clothing Items (Hatay)</b>  After needs assessment in different locations in Hatay, 2,900 clothes including underwear, children and baby clothes, and fleece jackets were distributed.	<u>2,900</u>
<u>Completed</u>	<b>NFI: Winterization – Stove Distribution (Hatay)</b>  In order to meet the need for heating in temporary settlement areas, 150 stoves and 365 sacks of wood were distributed. 18 stoves were distributed in Samandağ.	<u>1,590</u>
<u>Completed</u>	<b>Food Security: Food Kit Distribution (Hatay)</b>  In various locations in Hatay, 1,246 food kits were distributed to meet the basic need of families of five.	<u>6,230</u>
<u>Completed</u>	<b>Food Security: Ready-made Meals (Hatay)</b>  Ready-made meals for 1,600 people and 2,400 bottles of water were distributed to affected people sheltering in sports centers and temporary housing areas in schools. In addition, in the following period, 1,022 units of food were distributed to people living in informal settlements.	<u>2,622</u>
<u>Completed</u>	<b>Food Security: Drinking Water (Hatay)</b>  In various locations in Hatay, 42,857 litres of water were distributed.	<u>14,285</u>
<u>Ongoing</u>	<b>WASH: Water Tanks (Adiyaman)</b>  34 units of 3,000-liter water tanks have been installed at various locations in Adiyaman. Maintenance, regular filling and water quality management are carried out in coordination with the municipality.	<u>47,433</u>
<u>Ongoing</u>	<b>WASH: Shower – Latrine Unit Installation (Adiyaman)</b>  28 shower units and 16 shower and latrine units were installed in Kayapınar and Sümerevler neighborhoods in Adiyaman.	<u>3,800</u>
<u>Completed</u>	<b>WASH: Jerry Can Distribution (Adiyaman)</b>  In order to shorten the time spent to get water from the water supply, 4,775 units of 10-liter jerry cans were distributed in Adiyaman.	<u>4,775</u>
<u>Ongoing</u>	<b>WASH: Water Purifier Installation (Adiyaman)</b>  A water purifier with a capacity to treat 2 tonnes of water per day has been installed in an identified informal settlement area. The project aims to provide access to drinking water for approximately 700 people per day.	<u>700</u>
<u>Completed</u>	<b>WASH: Hygiene Kit Distribution (Adiyaman)</b>  A total of 3,450 hygiene kits were distributed in different locations in Adiyaman.	<u>17,250</u>
<u>Completed</u>	<b>WASH: Dignity Kit Distribution (Adiyaman)</b>  1,400 kits were distributed in different locations.	<u>1,400</u>



<u>Completed</u>	<b>WASH: Cleaning Kit Distribution (Adiyaman)</b>  206 cleaning kits designed to meet the need for home cleaning of a family were distributed in Kasta, Terman, İpekli, and Cumhuriyet districts.	<u>1,030</u>
<u>Completed</u>	<b>WASH: Drinking Water Distribution (Adiyaman)</b>  A total of 28,882 liters of drinking water were distributed in different locations.	<u>9,492</u>
<u>Completed</u>	<b>Shelter: Winterization (Adiyaman)</b>  978 blankets, 200 mattress, 156 sleeping bags, 6 stoves and 58 tents were distributed.	<u>1,340</u>
<u>Completed</u>	<b>Shelter: Tent Distribution (Adiyaman)</b>  256 tents were distributed in various informal settlements.	<u>1,280</u>
<u>Completed</u>	<b>NFI: Clothing (Adiyaman)</b>  A total of 1,883 pieces of clothing, including protective equipment such as boots and raincoats after the floods on 15 March, were distributed to meet the needs of different size and age groups.	<u>1,883</u>
<u>Ongoing</u>	<b>WASH: Shower Container installation (Kahramanmaraş)</b>  2 shower containers, each with 7 shower units, were installed in the tent area at Kafum Exhibition Center. A total of 4 shower units for men and women, each with 7 shower units, were installed in Kafum Exhibition Center, Şeyh Adil neighborhood, and Onikişubat Avşar area (KSÜ Engineering Faculty).	<u>4,200</u>
<u>Completed</u>	<b>WASH: Water Tanks (Kahramanmaraş)</b>  After an assessment of needs, 12 water tanks of 3,000 liters were installed in the identified areas in Kahramanmaraş.	<u>2,400</u>
<u>Completed</u>	<b>WASH: Cleaning Kit Distribution (Kahramanmaraş)</b>  In the tent area in Pazarçık Anatolian High School and temporary settlement in Dulkadiroğlu Old Industry neighborhood, 59 family cleaning kits were distributed for home cleaning.	<u>295</u>
<u>Completed</u>	<b>WASH: Dignity Kit Distribution (Kahramanmaraş)</b>  A total of 1,836 dignity kits were distributed in the accommodation areas in Pazarçık Anatolian High School Tent City, Dulkadiroğlu Eski Sanayi and Malik Ejder neighborhoods.	<u>1,836</u>
<u>Completed</u>	<b>WASH: Hygiene Kit Distribution (Kahramanmaraş)</b>  1,684 hygiene kits were distributed in the Malik Ejder Sports Complex, tent area in Onikişubat district.	<u>8,420</u>
<u>Completed</u>	<b>Shelter: Tent Distribution (Kahramanmaraş)</b>  346 tents were distributed to the disaster-affected people whose temporary shelters were damaged after the flood and cyclone that occurred on 20 April.	<u>1,730</u>
<u>Completed</u>	<b>NFI: Family Kit Distribution (Kahramanmaraş)</b>  51 family kits have been distributed, consisting of mobile chargers and flashlights.	<u>255</u>

<u>Completed</u>	<b>NFI/Winterization: Protection Equipment (Kahramanmaraş)</b> In Haliliye, Siverek, Birecik and Harran districts, 569 blankets, 446 boots and 366 raincoats were distributed to the people affected by the flood.	<u>1,381</u>
<u>Completed</u>	<b>Food Security: Drinking Water Distribution (Kahramanmaraş)</b> 140 liters of water were distributed.	<u>46</u>
<u>Completed</u>	<b>Food Security: Kitchen Kit Distribution (Kahramanmaraş)</b> In informal shelters, 59 kitchen packs containing kitchen utensils for cooking were distributed to disaster-affected households.	<u>295</u>
<u>Ongoing</u>	<b>NFI: Relief Good Distribution (Şanlıurfa)</b> 1,200 blankets and 1,200 heaters are being distributed in Şanlıurfa. An additional 512 blankets were distributed in various shelter areas in the city.	<u>512</u>
<u>Completed</u>	<b>WASH: Hygiene Kit Distribution (Şanlıurfa)</b> 177 hygiene kits were distributed in Haliliye, Siverek, Birecik and Harran districts. In addition, 222 sanitary pads and 316 baby diapers have been provided.	<u>1,423</u>
<u>Ongoing</u>	<b>Food Security: Food Kit Distribution (Şanlıurfa)</b> 1,225 food kits designed to meet the basic food needs of a family of five are being distributed in Şanlıurfa.	<u>6,125</u>
<u>Completed</u>	<b>Food Security: Water Distribution (Şanlıurfa)</b> 17,950 liters of water were distributed in the flood-affected areas of Şanlıurfa.	<u>5,983</u>
<u>Completed</u>	<b>Food Security: Hot Meals (Şanlıurfa)</b> With the raw materials and logistical support provided by STL, Şanlıurfa Municipality provided the affected population in the tent areas and temporary settlements with hot meals.	<u>15,000</u>
<u>Completed</u>	<b>WASH: Hygiene Kit Distribution (Diyarbakır)</b> Hygiene kits were delivered to quarantined families as a response to the rising scabies cases.	<u>300</u>
<u>Ongoing</u>	<b>Health: Emergency MHPSS Activities (Adıyaman, Kahramanmaraş, Şanlıurfa, Hatay)</b> As part of MHPSS activities, psychological first aid, psycho-education, psychosocial support activities and individual psychological counselling are provided to disaster-affected people, especially women and children.	<u>9,745</u>

The humanitarian assistance provided by STL in the earthquake area is made possible through its partnerships with Diakonie Katastrophenhilfe (DKH), Caritas Germany, Action Against Hunger Spain, UNICEF, UNHCR, Concern Worldwide, Save the Children International, World Vision, Danish Refugee Council, Turkey Mozaik Foundation, Turkish Philanthropy Funds (TPF), Vitol Foundation, Support Foundation for Civil Society (STDV), Stiftung Mercator, Terre des Hommes (TDH) Germany, Global Giving, Giving to Asia, EBRD Community Initiative, King Baudouin Foundation, Give 2 Asia, Stichting Vluchteling (SV), Choose Love, and corporate donations.

#### 5. Coordination:

STL Operations Coordinator and Field Coordinators are in contact with Governors, District Governors, AFAD authorities, municipalities, Water Works Authorities, İŞKUR, and all relevant offices of province level directorates as well as NGOs and civil society initiatives. STL is also present in all the UN-led sector coordination meetings and field level hub meetings. STL has been elected as co-lead for the child protection sub-sector. The child protection sub-sector group works to ensure prioritization of child protection issues in the disaster area and continues to work under the coordination of STL by forming sub-working groups on child safeguarding, child protection and case management. STL field staff are also co-leading some of the sectoral meetings at the hub level.

The Local Humanitarian Forum (LHF), composed of local and national NGOs operating in and supporting the earthquake response, aims to ensure that local organizations are included in the OCHA sector coordination system and play an active role in sectoral coordination. LHF also advocates for improved access to humanitarian funding for national NGOs and local organizations. LHF hub leads have been recruited by STL for Hatay, Kahramanmaraş, Adıyaman and Malatya. They are undertaking a mapping of all local organisations active in the earthquake response.

#### 6. Safety and security:

- Even though the intensity of aftershocks has decreased, they continue to affect the region.
- It is a matter of concern that the dust generated during the demolition of buildings and removal of rubble contains asbestos, lead and some other hazardous substances, which may cause various health problems.
- The fact that healthy and safe shelter conditions have not yet been achieved in the region and that fact access to clean water and latrines is limited causes health problems.
- With the increase in air temperature, flies and insects have started to appear. Cases of lice, scabies and intestinal infections continue. There is an increase in eye infections due to lack of hygiene and dust in the air.

#### 7. Contact information:

	Name	E-mail address(es)
<b>Director</b>	Sema Genel Karaosmanoğlu	<a href="mailto:sgenel@hayatadestek.org">sgenel@hayatadestek.org</a>
<b>Project Coordinator</b>	Emre Acıkaraoğlu	<a href="mailto:eacikaraoglu@hayatadestek.org">eacikaraoglu@hayatadestek.org</a>
<b>Project Development Manager</b>	Aslıhan Hatunoğlu	<a href="mailto:ahatunoglu@hayatadestek.org">ahatunoglu@hayatadestek.org</a>
<b>Communications Manager</b>	Çigdem Güner	<a href="mailto:custa@hayatadestek.org">custa@hayatadestek.org</a>
<b>Fundraising Manager</b>	Ceyla Altındış	<a href="mailto:caltindis@hayatadestek.org">caltindis@hayatadestek.org</a>

**ANNEX: Communications Contents Related to Support to Life Emergency Response**

Information videos of Support to Life regarding the disaster area since the Kahramanmaraş earthquakes are listed below.

- [STL'S MHPSS Activities in Disaster Area](#) (21 February 2023/English)
- [Çocukların Ruh Sağlığını Korumak için Ebeveynlere Öneriler](#) (23 February 2023/ Turkish)
- [Hatay'da Su, Sanitasyon ve Hijyen Çalışmalarımız /2](#) (24 February 2023/ Turkish)
- [Ruh Sağlığını Korumak İçin Alınması Gereken Önlemler](#) (3 March 2023/ Turkish)
- [Afet Bölgelerinde Toplumsal Cinsiyete Dayalı Şiddeti Önleme](#) (8 March 2023/Turkish)
- [Video message of our director Sema Genel on #8March](#) (8 March 2023/English)
- [Afet Ve Acil Durumlarda Kadın Ve Kız Çocuklarına Dair Dikkat Edilmesi Gerekenler Nelerdir?](#) (9 March 2023/Turkish)
- [Adıyaman'da Su, Sanitasyon, Hijyen Çalışmalarımız / Su Arındırma Sistemi](#) (9 April 2023 /Turkish)
- [Afetten Etkilenenler Anlatıyor: Adıyaman'da Su, Sanitasyon Çalışmalarımız](#) (15 April 2023 / Turkish)
- [Rebuilding Life in Hatay / Blog Post \(17 April / English\)](#)
- [Hatay'da Su Depolarımız Ne İşe Yarıyor?](#) (26 April 2023 / Turkish)
- [Adıyaman'da WASH kurulumlarımız](#) (29 April 2023/Turkish)
- [Kahramanmaraş'ta Acil Durum Müdahalemiz](#) (3 May 2023/Turkish)
- [Afetin 3. Ayı](#) (6 May 2023 / Turkish)
- [Video of UN OCHA about STL](#) (13 May 2023 / English)