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|-----------------------------|--|-------------|------------|
| Location of disaster | TÜRKIYE: Kahramanmaraş, Adıyaman, Kilis, Osmaniye, Gaziantep, Malatya, Şanlıurfa, Diyarbakır, Adana, Hatay, Elazığ | Date | 10.05.2023 |
| Prepared by | Support to Life (STL) Türkiye | | |

1. Situation overview:



1. Hygiene kit distribution, Kahramanmaraş

On 6 February 2023, two earthquakes with magnitude 7.8 and 7.5 heavily affected the provinces of Adıyaman, Hatay, Kahramanmaraş, Kilis, Osmaniye, Gaziantep, Malatya, Şanlıurfa, Diyarbakır, Elazığ and Adana in Southern and Southeastern Türkiye, where almost 14 million people reside including around 2 million Syrian refugees. Aftershocks continue in the disaster area¹.

According to the latest statement from the Ministry of Interior on 22 April, the number of people who lost their lives in the earthquakes is 50,783².

A total of 9.1 million people were affected by the Kahramanmaraş earthquakes. 2.5 million children are waiting for support for basic needs.

5.2 million people are waiting for humanitarian assistance. 3 million people were displaced by the earthquake; 1.6 million people are living in informal settlements³.

STL published its [latest emergency report on 3 May](#). Below are the developments in the region between 3-10 May:

- STL is focusing its emergency response in the provinces of Hatay, Adıyaman and Kahramanmaraş, which were most severely affected by the earthquake. STL is also planning to start a micro-grant programme in Malatya. In addition, STL carries out emergency response activities in 8 provinces, namely Diyarbakır, Şanlıurfa, Batman, Mardin, Adana, Mersin, İzmir and İstanbul.
- STL carries out and plans to continue its activities in the sectors of shelter & non-food items (NFI), food security and livelihoods (FSL), water supply, sanitation and hygiene (WASH), emergency education, temporary settlement support (TSS), mental health and psychosocial support (MHPSS) and emergency protection.
- STL will support earthquake-affected local communities in Hatay and Kahramanmaraş with micro-

¹ 2023 Earthquakes Displacement Overview, IOM

² <https://www.cumhuriyet.com.tr/siyaset/son-dakika-suleyman-soyly-acikladi-depremde-can-kaybi-50-bin-783-oldu-2074031>

³ <https://reliefweb.int/report/turkiye/turkiye-2023-earthquakes-situation-report-no-17-6-may-2023-entr>

- grants for community-led projects that address their own needs⁴.
- STL reached a total of 215,333 affected people with humanitarian assistance in 11 provinces since 6 February.
 - It was announced that the 3-month state of emergency declared for the disaster zone will be lifted on 9 May and will not be extended⁵.
 - The Council of Higher Education (YÖK) announced that students residing in the earthquake-affected provinces who will take the university exam will be allocated an additional 25% quota for placement in schools in their provinces⁶.
 - According to AFAD data dated 12 April, there are 710,000 buildings with heavy damage, 180,000 buildings with medium damage and 1,800,000 buildings with light damage in the disaster area⁷.
 - The dumping of rubble during the demolition of buildings damaged in the earthquake continues to be a matter of debate. According to media reports, debris was dumped in risky areas such as Narlıca and Defne in Hatay, near living areas, olive groves and agricultural lands in Altınözü, Belen, Kırıkhan and Samandağ, stream beds in Adiyaman, agricultural lands and stream banks in Kahramanmaraş Elbistan⁸.
 - The Ministry of National Education has mapped remedial education activities provided in disaster areas⁹.
 - Since 6 February, 1,880 of 1,914 unaccompanied children have been reunited with their families or are taken into state care. 34 children have yet to be identified.
 - As of 4 May, \$302.9 million has been funded, representing 30.1% of the UN's \$1 billion Flash Appeal.

2. Population data (Türkiye):

| | Total | Source of information |
|---------------------------|---------|-----------------------|
| Number of people affected | 9.1 M | UN OCHA |
| Number of dead | 50,783 | Government of Türkiye |
| Number of injured | 107,204 | Government of Türkiye |

3. Humanitarian needs, response, and gaps:

Humanitarian organizations working in the disaster area continue to provide shelter, food, medical supplies, hygiene kits, WASH (water, sanitation, hygiene) services, and psychosocial support to meet the urgent needs of the affected population¹⁰.

In terms of shelter, short- to medium-term planning remains among the most important needs for those whose homes have been damaged. There is a lack of clear information on the government's existing support and services for certain groups in particular. These groups are as follows: People living in rural areas whose homes were damaged to varying degrees in the earthquake, people who are sheltering in makeshift tents near their homes, and people whose homes are lightly damaged but in need of serious repair and reinforcements.

In terms of temporary settlement support, needs are expected to increase during the summer months. Most

⁴ <https://www.hayatadestek.org/duyurular/yerelin-liderliginde-guclenme-programi-basvurularinizi-bekliyor/>

⁵ <https://www.cumhuriyet.com.tr/siyaset/son-dakika-akpli-ali-ihsan-yavuz-acikladi-afet-bolgesinde-ohal-kaldiriliyor-2077781>

⁶ <https://www.bbc.com/turkce/live/haberler-turkiye-65541585>

⁷ <https://sheltercluster.org/turkiye-earthquake-2023/documents/information-brief-shelter-sector-no120230428>

⁸ <https://www.bbc.com/turkce/articles/czv4k4p1yv7yo>

⁹ <https://dyk.meb.gov.tr/>

¹⁰ <https://reliefweb.int/report/turkiye/turkiye-2023-earthquakes-situation-report-no-17-6-may-2023-entr>

of the approximately 2.6 million people living in temporary shelters (650,000 households) are expected to remain in tents with limited access to their needs during the coming hot summer months, with detrimental health and protection implications. In some of the informal settlements, it is important to establish a management structure similar to formal tent structures and to increase services.

In terms of health and mental health, prominent needs include sexual and reproductive health products, safe spaces for women at risk of violence, prevention of sexual abuse and exploitation in medical facilities, hygiene kits, menstrual support/dignity kits, as well as mother and baby kits. Especially in rural areas of Kahramanmaraş, Adiyaman and Malatya, there are deficiencies in health and nutrition services. Asbestos found in other burnt and damaged houses and debris causes health concerns.

In terms of water, sanitation and hygiene, most of the informal settlements still do not have running water. Women, children and persons with disabilities continue to lack access to dignified and accessible facilities. Inappropriate waste management methods risk causing health problems especially for young children, the elderly and people with medical conditions.



2. Psycho education session in tent area, Şanlıurfa

In terms of food security, plans are made by aid providers to reduce the distribution of hot meals in the disaster area. Instead, by identifying cooking possibilities and needs of the population staying in different areas and in different types of shelters, planning is being made to switch to alternative methods such as cash assistance or kitchen equipment support. Once hot meal assistance ends, the most pressing needs will be for kitchen facilities, cooking utensils, fuel, domestic water and fire safety measures.

In terms of education, basic needs and facilities still remain to be covered. Although education was resumed in all districts of the affected provinces as of 24 April, school attendance rates are 35-50% in Hatay, 70% in Kahramanmaraş, 35% in Malatya and 40% in Adiyaman. In particular, accessible water and hygiene facilities in learning spaces, inclusion of children with disabilities in education, container or prefabricated schools, accommodation for teachers and transportation of teachers and students, rehabilitation work for 2,533 lightly damaged schools, supply of educational materials, and psychosocial support for teachers as well as students and caregivers/parents are among the diverse needs.

In terms of protection, there is an increase in child and forced marriages, child abuse and child labour. Preventive steps and response is urgently needed. It is important to secure the well-being and safety of adolescent girls and boys, and to monitor school dropout rates. The needs of at risk groups are still uncovered.

In terms of access to livelihoods, as the summer season approaches, the agricultural sector and farmers are in urgent need of products such as seeds, compound fertilisers and crop protection materials. Animal feed is also a priority need. Women's cooperatives also need raw materials, space to operate as well as the recovery of equipment and machinery. Instead of in-kind assistance, cash support needs to be introduced. However, only 9% of the required funding has been provided on a sectoral basis.

Below are province-level updates provided by STL teams in the field.

HATAY

In Hatay, 1,098,619 people live in 126 formal settlements and 407 informal settlements. It is reported that in some temporary settlements, up to 30% of the population is Syrian. As the weather is getting warmer in the shelters, there is an urgent need for temperature control systems. Moreover, since the affected population is still mostly living in tents, renovation of lightly damaged buildings is important. The return of disaster-affected people who left for other cities after the earthquake suggests that the need for shelter will increase.



3. Fairy tale workshop for children in cooperation with Borusan Kocabiyik Foundation, Story House, Hatay.

The Government decided to provide permission for the continuation of hot meal distribution in Hatay until the end of May. Kitchen equipment is expected to be a key need after the end of hot food distribution.

In Hatay, STL will support projects developed by local earthquake-affected communities to address their needs through micro-grants as part of STL's community-led response program. While applications are ongoing, the Hatay team is planning face-to-face meetings with interested communities.

Hatay emergency teams continue to distribute relief goods to informal settlements in rural areas. According to STL needs assessment, most urgent needs are as follows: clothing,

domestic and drinking water, latrines, shower facilities, hygiene kits and lice medication. Needs assessment were also conducted by STL field teams in Kırıkhan between 3-10 May. Teams identified some villages where no aid supplies had reached until today. The most urgent needs in these areas are water supply, latrines and shower units.

STL mobile mental health and psychosocial support (MHPSS) teams have identified areas in Antakya, Samandağ and Iskenderun where psychosocial support will be provided. Needs assessment for new areas are ongoing. In Antakya, psychosocial support activities continued in a child-friendly tent in an education centre run by volunteers, reaching 120 children on a daily basis. In addition, STL psychologists organised information sessions on psychological symptoms in adults and children after the earthquake, reaching 40 adults. STL, in cooperation with Borusan Kocabiyik Foundation Story House, organised a workshop for children affected by the earthquake. In the arts workshop, children wrote their own fairy tales with messages of hope.

ADIYAMAN

In Adiyaman, 120,406 people live in a total of 424 formal and informal settlements. There are a total of 1,176 containers in the province¹¹. 63% of the population lives in informal settlements.

¹¹ <https://sheltercluster.org/turkiye-earthquake-2023/documents/information-brief-shelter-sector-no120230428>

STL emergency teams in Adiyaman continued to install water tanks, showers and latrines in informal settlements within the scope of WASH activities. The water purifier system installed by STL is being monitored on a regular basis. Positive feedbacks have been received from users regarding this purifier system, which converts domestic water into drinking water. Planning is underway for the installation of two more water purification systems in another informal settlement area. Moreover, STL teams are working to prepare the shelter areas for the summer. Tent mats were distributed to protect the tent floor from insects and to provide insulation.

Psychosocial support activities continue in Adiyaman. In cooperation with 'Her Yerde Sanat' Association, a photography workshop was organised with children. In addition, art instructors from the Borusan Kocabiyik Foundation's Fairy Tale House started psychosocial support activities with children. Mental health and psychosocial support activities in Adiyaman include psychoeducation, individual interviews, household visits and psychosocial support activities with children. In these activities, anxiety problems are frequently encountered in both adults and children. The 4.7 magnitude earthquake in Adiyaman on 8 May caused further increase in the level of anxiety.

In terms of protection, it is observed that there are children who are out of school due to access and transport problems. Since school attendance is one of the most important elements of child development, there is concern that this situation may lead to significant child protection risks in the future.



On 5 May, a fire broke out in the densely populated Atasay tent settlement. There were no casualties or injuries, but the burning of the crèche and soup kitchen tents halted a most needed facility as well as the provision of hot meals to the residents of this settlement area.

4. Water purification system installed in informal shelter, Adiyaman.

KAHRAMANMARAŞ

STL emergency teams in Kahramanmaraş distributed hygiene kits, dignity kits and family cleaning kits in different locations such as İzmit Municipality Tent Area, Şeyhadil, Kumçatı, Pınarhoyuk, Tahtalidede, Özbek Village, Malik Ejder, Büyüknacar, Ördekdede, Osmandede and Pazarcık.

In Malik Ejder, security risks were identified in a settlement area. To manage these risks, STL teams erected fences for child safeguarding, arranged stairs to facilitate access in high areas, and covered the latrines and showers with panels to ensure privacy.

STL social workers conducted an assessment in Malik Ejder between 3-10 May and 14 people affected by the disaster were interviewed. Protection risks identified were the lack of a safe space for women, disabled and elderly groups to express themselves and talk about their problems and the need for interpreters for refugees. STL psychologists conducted counseling sessions with affected individuals and psychiatric counselling was provided for 2 people during this week.

STL team noticed drug use in one of the settlement areas, pointing to the need for preventive measures against drug use which is often seen in post-disaster situations as a negative coping mechanism for affected people to help them escape their grief, anger, frustration or emotional pain.



5. Awareness raising session on support mechanisms and legal rights with the Women's Committee, Adiyaman

During this week, STL PSS teams conducted psychosocial support activities with 143 children in Büyüknacar, Malik Ejder, and Payamlıbağ locations. In these sessions, children are encouraged to express their feelings through movement, arts and games. In addition, a photography workshop was organised with children in cooperation with 'Her Yerde Sanat'. Safety risks were identified with children and awareness was raised on how to prevent accidents. STL observed that some children were extremely aggressive towards one another. STL is preparing a module to conduct awareness sessions on communication and behaviour.

earthquake-affected communities to address their needs through micro-grants as part of STL's community-led response program.

Similar to Hatay, STL in Kahramanmaraş will support projects developed by local

4. STL's Emergency Response:

STL continues its emergency response in Hatay, Kahramanmaraş and Adiyaman, as well as in Şanlıurfa, Adana and Diyarbakır. Warehouses and operation centers where the STL emergency team is accommodated are established in Hatay, Adiyaman and Kahramanmaraş. STL has recruited a team of 3 for Malatya who have started assessing the area and identifying STL's focus in the province.

In addition to STL efforts to meet the water and sanitation infrastructure in temporary settlements in rural and urban areas, interventions in the sectors of shelter and NFI, food security and livelihoods, MHPSS, emergency protection, and temporary settlement support are continuing.

The emergency response of STL in Hatay, Adiyaman, Kahramanmaraş, Şanlıurfa and Diyarbakır for the period 3-10 May is detailed below.

| | | |
|--|--|---|
| <p>WASH </p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">  Mobile Latrine  Mobile Shower  Water Tank  Mobile Laundry Unit  Jerry Can  Water Purifier  Hygiene Kit  Lice Kit  Dignity Kit  Cleaning Kit | <p>FOOD SECURITY </p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">  Ready Made Meal  Drinking Water  Food Kit <p>SHELTER </p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">  Tent  Mattress | <p>NON-FOOD ITEM </p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">  Clothes  Family Kit  Kitchen Kit <p>MHPSS </p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">  Psyhosocial Support  Psychological Support  Psycho-education |
|--|--|---|

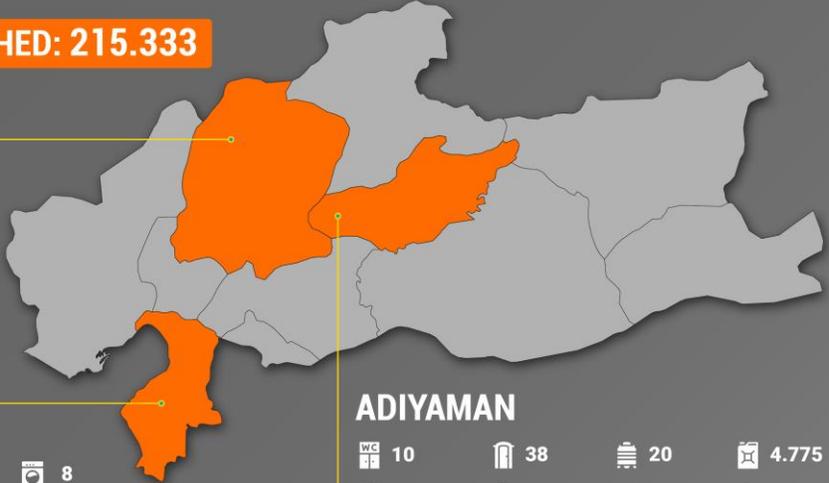


*The numbers given in package distributions are the number of people reached.

NUMBER OF PEOPLE REACHED: 215.333

KAHRAMANMARAŞ

| | | |
|--|--|--|
|  28 |  12 |  7.920* |
|  1.836* |  295* |  140lt |
|  60 |  255* |  295* |
|  2.733 | | |



ADIYAMAN

| | | | |
|--|--|--|---|
|  10 |  38 |  20 |  4.775 |
|  17.250* |  1.400* |  3.735* |  1 |
|  28.882lt |  550* |  198 |  200 |
|  1.883 |  2.321 | | |

*The numbers given in package distributions are the number of people reached.

| Status | Description | Target (ind.) |
|------------------|--|---------------|
| <u>Completed</u> | WASH: Mobile Latrines (Hatay) 100 portable latrines in total were installed in various temporary settlement areas, mostly in Samandağ and Narlıca districts. In areas where infrastructure can be provided, plans have been made for toilets connected to the sewerage system and mobile latrines have started to be collected back. | <u>2,000</u> |
| <u>Ongoing</u> | WASH: Shower and Latrine Units (Hatay) A total of 46 mobile units, including 14 mobile showers, 32 toilets and shower units, were installed in informal shelter areas. | <u>4,600</u> |
| <u>Ongoing</u> | WASH: Water Tanks (Hatay) In Defne, Antakya, Samandağ and Kırıkhan, 56 water tanks, 16 of 5 tonnes and 50 of 3 tonnes, were installed at points. | <u>51,767</u> |
| <u>Ongoing</u> | WASH: Mobile Laundry Units (Hatay) In order to meet the demand for hygiene in rural areas in Hatay, a mobile laundry station of 5 washing machines and 3 dryers is covering many districts and neighborhoods of Hatay. Additional washing units are being sent to Hatay. | <u>2,759</u> |
| <u>Completed</u> | WASH: Disinfection of Tents (Hatay) In the tent city located in the New Stadium, 600 tents were medicated against the risk of epidemic diseases. | <u>3,000</u> |
| <u>Completed</u> | WASH: Hygiene Kit Distribution (Hatay) A total of 3.230 hygiene kits were distributed for families of five. | <u>16,150</u> |
| <u>Completed</u> | WASH Lice Kit Distribution (Hatay) In the neighbourhoods of scattered settlements, 203 packages consisting of lice medication, anti-lice equipment and combs were distributed. | <u>203</u> |
| <u>Completed</u> | WASH: Dignity Kit Distribution for Women (Hatay) A total of 2,350 dignity kits designed for the special needs of women were distributed in Hatay. | <u>2,350</u> |
| <u>Completed</u> | Shelter and NFI: Mattress and Sleeping Bag Distribution (Hatay) 560 mattresses and 535 sleeping bags were distributed. | <u>1,095</u> |
| <u>Completed</u> | Shelter and NFI: Tent Set-up and Winterization (Hatay) In order to support disaster affected households, STL distributed 496 winter tents and 550 sleeping bags in Hatay. In addition to tents, STL distributed non-food items of blankets, mattresses, and small types of equipment. | <u>2,750</u> |
| <u>Completed</u> | NFI: Family Kit Distribution (Hatay) 205 family kits designed to meet basic non-food needs were distributed in Hatay. 152 jerry cans were distributed in the neighborhoods of Yeşilyazı, Küçükdalyan, and Mızraklı. 389 diapers and 78 sanitary pads were provided. | <u>1,025</u> |

| | | |
|------------------|--|---------------|
| <u>Completed</u> | NFI: Kitchen Kit Distribution (Hatay) In informal shelters, 787 kitchen kits containing kitchen utensils for cooking for the affected people were distributed. | <u>3,935</u> |
| <u>Completed</u> | NFI: Distribution of Clothing Items (Hatay) After needs assessment in different locations in Hatay, 2,900 clothes including underwear, children and baby clothes, and fleece jackets were distributed. | <u>2,900</u> |
| <u>Completed</u> | NFI: Winterization – Stove Distribution (Hatay) In order to meet the need for heating in temporary settlement areas, 150 stoves and 365 sacks of wood were distributed. 18 stoves were distributed in Samandağ. | <u>1,590</u> |
| <u>Completed</u> | Food Security: Food Kit Distribution (Hatay) In various locations in Hatay, 1,246 food kits were distributed to meet the basic need of families of five. | <u>6,230</u> |
| <u>Completed</u> | Food Security: Ready-made Meals (Hatay) Ready-made meals for 1,600 people and 2,400 bottles of water were distributed to affected people sheltering in sports centers and temporary housing areas in schools. In addition, in the following period, 1,022 units of food were distributed to people living in informal settlements. | <u>2,622</u> |
| <u>Completed</u> | Food Security: Drinking Water (Hatay) In various locations in Hatay, 42,857 litres of water were distributed. | <u>14,285</u> |
| <u>Ongoing</u> | WASH: Water Tanks (Adiyaman) 20 units of 3,000-liter water tanks have been installed at various locations in Adiyaman. Maintenance, regular filling and water quality management are carried out in coordination with the municipality. | <u>17,976</u> |
| <u>Ongoing</u> | WASH: Shower – Latrine Unit Installation (Adiyaman) 28 shower units and 10 shower and latrine units were installed in Kayapınar and Sümerevler neighborhoods in Adiyaman. | <u>3,800</u> |
| <u>Completed</u> | WASH: Jerry Can Distribution (Adiyaman) In order to shorten the time spent to get water from the water supply, 4,775 units of 10-liter jerry cans were distributed in Adiyaman. | <u>4,775</u> |
| <u>Ongoing</u> | WASH: Water Purifier Installation (Adiyaman) A water purifier with a capacity to treat 2 tonnes of water per day has been installed in an identified informal settlement area. The project aims to provide access to drinking water for approximately 700 people per day. | <u>700</u> |
| <u>Completed</u> | WASH: Hygiene Kit Distribution (Adiyaman) A total of 3,450 hygiene kits were distributed in different locations in Adiyaman. | <u>17,250</u> |
| <u>Completed</u> | WASH: Dignity Kit Distribution (Adiyaman) 1,400 kits were distributed in different locations. | <u>1,400</u> |

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| <u>Completed</u> | WASH: Cleaning Kit Distribution (Adiyaman) 206 cleaning kits designed to meet the need for home cleaning of a family were distributed in Kasta, Terman, İpekli, and Cumhuriyet districts. | <u>1,030</u> |
| <u>Completed</u> | WASH: Drinking Water Distribution (Adiyaman) A total of 28,882 liters of drinking water were distributed in different locations. | <u>9,492</u> |
| <u>Completed</u> | Shelter: Winterization (Adiyaman) 978 blankets, 200 mattress, 156 sleeping bags, 6 stoves and 58 tents were distributed. | <u>1,340</u> |
| <u>Completed</u> | Shelter: Tent Distribution (Adiyaman) 198 tents were distributed in various informal settlements. | <u>990</u> |
| <u>Completed</u> | NFI: Clothing (Adiyaman) A total of 1,883 pieces of clothing, including protective equipment such as boots and raincoats after the floods on 15 March, were distributed to meet the needs of different size and age groups. | <u>1,883</u> |
| <u>Ongoing</u> | WASH: Shower Container installation (Kahramanmaraş) 2 shower containers, each with 7 shower units, were installed in the tent area at Kafum Exhibition Center. A total of 4 shower units for men and women, each with 7 shower units, were installed in Kafum Exhibition Center, Şeyh Adil neighborhood, and Onikişubat Avşar area (KSÜ Engineering Faculty). | <u>4,200</u> |
| <u>Completed</u> | WASH: Water Tanks (Kahramanmaraş) After an assessment of needs, 12 water tanks of 3,000 liters were installed in the identified areas in Kahramanmaraş. | <u>2,400</u> |
| <u>Completed</u> | WASH: Cleaning Kit Distribution (Kahramanmaraş) In the tent area in Pazarçık Anatolian High School and temporary settlement in Dulkadiroğlu Old Industry neighborhood, 59 family cleaning kits were distributed for home cleaning. | <u>295</u> |
| <u>Completed</u> | WASH: Dignity Kit Distribution (Kahramanmaraş) A total of 1,836 dignity kits were distributed in the accommodation areas in Pazarçık Anatolian High School Tent City, Dulkadiroğlu Eski Sanayi and Malik Ejder neighborhoods. | <u>1,836</u> |
| <u>Completed</u> | WASH: Hygiene Kit Distribution 1,584 hygiene kits were distributed in the Malik Ejder Sports Complex, tent area in Onikisubat district. | <u>7,920</u> |
| <u>Completed</u> | Shelter: Tent Distribution (Kahramanmaraş) 60 tents were distributed to the disaster-affected people whose temporary shelters were damaged after the flood and cyclone that occurred on 20 April. | <u>300</u> |
| <u>Completed</u> | NFI: Family Kit Distribution (Kahramanmaraş) 51 family kits have been distributed, consisting of mobile chargers and flashlights. | <u>255</u> |

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| <u>Completed</u> | NFI/Winterization: Protection Equipment (Kahramanmaraş) In Haliliye, Siverek, Birecik and Harran districts, 569 blankets, 446 boots and 366 raincoats were distributed to the people affected by the flood. | <u>1,381</u> |
| <u>Completed</u> | Food Security: Drinking Water Distribution (Kahramanmaraş) 140 liters of water were distributed. | <u>46</u> |
| <u>Completed</u> | Food Security: Kitchen Kit Distribution (Kahramanmaraş) In informal shelters, 59 kitchen packs containing kitchen utensils for cooking were distributed to disaster-affected people. | <u>295</u> |
| <u>Ongoing</u> | NFI: Relief Good Distribution (Şanlıurfa) 1,200 blankets and 1,200 heaters are being distributed in Şanlıurfa. An additional 512 blankets were distributed in various shelter areas in the city. | <u>512</u> |
| <u>Completed</u> | WASH: Hygiene Kit Distribution (Şanlıurfa) 177 hygiene kits were distributed in Haliliye, Siverek, Birecik and Harran districts. In addition, 222 sanitary pads and 316 baby diapers have been provided. | <u>1,423</u> |
| <u>Ongoing</u> | Food Security: Food Kit Distribution (Şanlıurfa) 1,225 food kits designed to meet the basic food needs of a family of five are being distributed in Şanlıurfa. | <u>6,125</u> |
| <u>Completed</u> | Food Security: Water Distribution (Şanlıurfa) 17,950 liters of water were distributed in the flood-affected areas of Şanlıurfa. | <u>5,983</u> |
| <u>Completed</u> | Food Security: Hot Meals (Şanlıurfa) With the raw materials and logistical support provided by STL, Şanlıurfa Municipality provided the affected population in the tent areas and temporary settlements with hot meals. | <u>15,000</u> |
| <u>Completed</u> | WASH: Hygiene Kit Distribution (Diyarbakır) Hygiene kits were delivered to quarantined families as a response to the rising scabies cases. | <u>300</u> |
| <u>Ongoing</u> | Health: Emergency MHPSS Activities (Adıyaman, Kahramanmaraş, Şanlıurfa, Hatay) As part of MHPSS activities, psychological first aid, psycho-education, psychosocial support activities and individual psychological support are provided to disaster-affected people, especially women and children. | <u>9,745</u> |

The humanitarian assistance provided by STL in the earthquake area is made possible through its partnerships with Diakonie Katastrophenhilfe (DKH), Caritas Germany, Action Against Hunger Spain, UNICEF, UNHCR, Concern Worldwide, Save the Children International, World Vision, Danish Refugee Council, Turkey Mozaik Foundation, Turkish Philanthropy Funds (TPF), Vitol Foundation, Support Foundation for Civil Society (STDV), Stiftung Mercator, Terre des Hommes (TDH) Germany, Global Giving, Giving to Asia, EBRD Community Initiative and corporate donations.

5. Coordination:

STL Emergency Coordinator and Field Coordinators are in contact with Governors, District Governors, AFAD authorities, municipalities, Water Works Authorities, İŞKUR, and all relevant offices of province level directorates as well as NGOs and civil society initiatives. STL is also present in all the UN-led sector coordination meetings and field level hub meetings. STL has been elected as co-lead for the child protection sub-sector. The child protection sub-sector group works to ensure prioritization of child protection issues in the disaster area and continues to work under the coordination of STL by forming sub-working groups on child safeguarding, child protection and case management. STL field staff are also co-leading some of the sectoral meetings at the hub level.

The Local Humanitarian Forum (LHF), composed of local and national NGOs operating in and supporting the earthquake response, aims to ensure that local organizations are included in the OCHA sector coordination system and play an active role in sectoral coordination. LHF also advocates for improved access to humanitarian funding for national NGOs and local organizations. LHF hub leads have been recruited for Hatay, Kahramanmaraş, Adiyaman and Malatya. They are undertaking a mapping of all local organisations active in the earthquake response.

6. Safety and security:

- Even though the intensity of aftershocks has decreased, they continue to affect the region.
- It is a matter of concern that the dust generated during the demolition of buildings and removal of rubble contains asbestos, lead and some other hazardous substances, which may cause various health problems.
- The fact that healthy and safe shelter conditions have not yet been achieved in the region and access to clean water and latrines is limited causes health problems.
- With the increase in air temperature, flies and insects have started to appear. Cases of lice, scabies and intestinal infections continue. There is an increase in eye infections due to lack of hygiene and dust in the air.

7. Contact information:

| | Name | E-mail address(es) |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|
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ANNEX: Communications Contents Related to Support to Life Emergency Response

Information videos of Support to Life regarding the disaster area since the Kahramanmaraş earthquakes are listed below.

- [STL'S MHPSS Activities in Disaster Area](#) (21 February 2023/English)
- [Çocukların Ruh Sağlığını Korumak için Ebeveynlere Öneriler](#) (23 February 2023/ Turkish)
- [Hatay'da Su, Sanitasyon ve Hijyen Çalışmalarımız /2](#) (24 February 2023/ Turkish)
- [Ruh Sağlığını Korumak İçin Alınması Gereken Önlemler](#) (3 March 2023/ Turkish)
- [Afet Bölgelerinde Toplumsal Cinsiyete Dayalı Şiddeti Önleme](#) (8 March 2023/Turkish)
- [Video message of our director Sema Genel on #8March](#) (8 March 2023/English)
- [Afet Ve Acil Durumlarda Kadın Ve Kız Çocuklarına Dair Dikkat Edilmesi Gerekenler Nelerdir?](#) (9 March 2023/Turkish)
- [Adıyaman'da Su, Sanitasyon, Hijyen Çalışmalarımız / Su Arındırma Sistemi](#) (9 April 2023 /Turkish)
- [Afetten Etkilenenler Anlatıyor: Adıyaman'da Su, Sanitasyon Çalışmalarımız](#) (15 April 2023 / Turkish)
- [Rebuilding Life in Hatay / Blog Post \(17 April / English\)](#)
- [Hatay'da Su Depolarımız Ne İşe Yarıyor?](#) (26 April 2023 / Turkish)
- [Adıyaman'da WASH kurulumlarımız](#) (29 April 2023/Turkish)
- [Kahramanmaraş'ta Acil Durum Müdahalemiz](#) (3 May 2023/Turkish)
- [Afetin 3. Ayı](#) (6 May 2023 / English)